

EtherCAT[®]

PROFI[®]
NET

CANopen[®]

Modbus

EtherNet/IP[™]



DGFOX60 Evo Servosystems

A little giant

DGFox60 EVO Servodrives

Power and intelligence in an unthinkable amount of space.

In thinking of the new DGFox60 servosystem we have taken into consideration all the elements to create a servodrive that is powerful and even more versatile than before, maintaining simplicity of use and compactness but expanding the possibilities of legible encoders and bringing the available fieldbuses to five.

Firmware Functionalities

- Speed control with adjustable ramps with/without jerk
 - Torque control with cogging compensation
 - Torque limit control
 - Multipositioner up to 64 indexes
 - Electronic Gear
 - Electronic Cam
 - Tubular, linear and rotative motor control
 - Digital filters
 - Pressure Control
 - Hydraulic cylinder control

Control Mode

- Fieldbuses
- Pulses/Direction
- 12 Bit Analog

Feedbacks

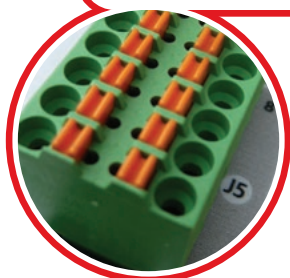
- Sensorless
 - Hall Signals at 120°
- Incremental Encoders 5V LD
 - Inc. Enc. with Hall Sensors
- Absolute Encoders SSI, BiSS, EnDat (32bit)

Fieldbuses Options

- CanOpen CiA 402
- ModBus RTU
- EtherCat COE
- ProfiNet RT and IRT
- Ethernet IP



Easy to wire terminals



Motor Brake

- Electronic brake management

Synchronous motors

- AC Brushless
- DC Brushless

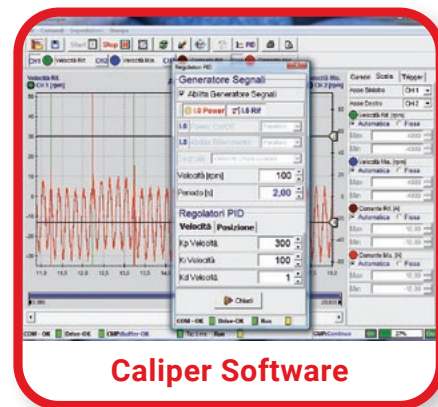
60V_{DC}
0,9kW



Main Features

Easy Setting

CALIPER is the software tool designed to make the calibration of your servo drive and motor a simple procedure. In addition to saving and loading data, Caliper includes a powerful oscilloscope professional tools for Autophasing, automatic reduction of cogging, Fieldbus Analyzer and many other features to help you to better adjust your applications. Communication is via Micro USB port 2.0 (Windows OS only).



Caliper Software

Filtering Software

- Notch Filter
- Iq Filter
- Digital Input Filter
- Position Observer
- Measured Speed Filter

Alert Status

- via LED's
- via Fieldbuses

Feedback Output

- Encoder Repetition

Frame

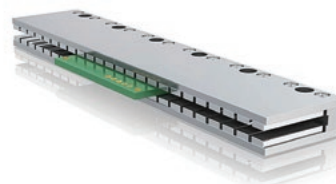
- Designed around a high efficiency heatsink. Requires no ventilation. More space in the electrical cabinet.
- Metal cover to minimize electrical disturbances.

Linear Motors

- Brushless linear motors control

DC servomotors

- Permanent Magnets with Incremental Encoder



Servodrive technical specifications

		DGFox60EVO				
SIZES	UfoM	2.5	5	8	10	13
Applied Voltage	V	60 VDC				
Min/Max power supply	V	20VDC ÷ 80VDC				
Rated current	A	2.5	5	8	10	13
Peak current for 2"	A	5	10	16	20	26
Max output power	KW	0.175	0.350	0.550	0.70	0.90
Max output power (DC brushed)	KW	0.125	0.250	0.40	0.50	0.65
Control method		IGBT/PWM, sinusoidal or trapezoidal for synchronous motors, for d.c. motors with permanent magnets.				
Logic power supply	VDC	+24VDC ±20%				
Integrated braking circuit		Not present				
External resistor (Optional)	VDC	Not Managed				
External EMC filter		Not required				
Feedback (5V)		Halls Sensors - Inc. Enc. 5V LD with, w/o Halls Sensors - Abs. Enc. 32bit: SSI (Bin), Biss (B-C), EnDat (2.1- 2.2) - Sensorless				
Type of motors controllable		Rotary, linear and tubular AC/DC brushless motors DC brushed permanent magnets motorsi				
Optional fieldbus	CM	Modbus RTU/CanOpen CiA 402				
	EC	EtherCat CoE				
	PN	ProfiNet RT e IRT / Ethernet IP				
Analogue main reference		±10V Differential (12Bit)				
Analogue auxiliary reference		0/+10V Single ended (12Bit)				
Frequency Reference		Pulse/Direction - 5V Line Driver channels A/B - CW/CCW (2MHz)				
Auxiliary Reference		5V Line Driver channels A/B				
Digital Inputs and Outputs		6 inputi PNP - 2 output NPN/PNP				
Control modes		Speed - Adjustable ramps - Torque control - Multipositioner - Electronic gearbox - Electronic CAM - Pressure Control - Cylinder Control				
Limit switch management functions		Braking in torque limit in case of P-OT, N-OT				
Digital filters		Notch filter, Iq filter, Digital Input Filter, Position Observer, Measured Speed Filter				
Protections functions		Short-circuit - Over/undervolt. - Drive Overtemp.- Feedback break - Rated current limit				
Drive Signaling		3 LEDs for status and alarm				
Hardware Safety Functions		Not Available				
Software Safety Functions*		Emergency or Fault Reaction Stops: by Inertia - in Ramp - in Torque Limit Torque limit braking in the case of Limit Switch				
Brake Management		Integrated. Immediate or ramp stop				
Drive setting		Through software Caliper via MicroUSB 2.0 port				
Approximative weight	Kg	0.39				

*: Not certified

Position transducers

The servodrives are equipped with several inputs for the reading of position transducers. A standard main input that allows to read incremental and absolute SSI, BiSS, EnDat encoders. A second input dedicated to the reading of a second external incremental encoder or for a frequency-direction signal from PLC. The transducers mounted on the motor gives to the servodrive the information to control exactly the motion of the motor. The drives can control both rotary and linear motors and are therefore capable to read both transducers for rotary and linear motors of various types.

The drives also allow to control sensorless rotary motors, but this use is limited to "motion control" applications that don't need accurate positioning.

Most of "motion control" applications need an accurate control of the axis, and therefore they rely on position transducers with high precision, repeatability and robustness characteristics.

Incremental encoder with Hall sensors

The servodrives in their standard configuration allow reading Incremental Encoders with or without Hall sensors. The Incremental Encoder is an optoelectronic device applied to the motor's rotor that develops square-wave signals proportional to the angular shift of its rotary axis that is given back to the drive to manage both the motor and the application. The encoder provides an information of relative position, not absolute, and therefore is always necessary an

"homing" procedure to define an absolute position of the system. The signal generated is sent to the drive that performs the count and extrapolates, according to frequency, space, speed and acceleration data needed to control the motor. The resolution depends on the sensor and is measured in PPR, that is "pulses per round". Usually, HDT motors use incremental encoders with 1024 or 2500ppr.

Absolute encoder BiSS - SSI - Endat

The absolute encoder is designed to provide an information of absolute position on the single turn or on the multi-turn; mechanically, the working principle is similar to an incremental encoder, which have a univocal code written on a disk that allows to identify every angular position of the axis.

Therefore it is always possible to know exactly the position of the axis even when stationary, without the necessity to perform an "homing" procedure to define the absolute position. The digital signal sent to the drive or to CNC is a serial protocol. SSI, BiSS and EnDat (2.1 - 2.2) are the three serial protocols handled by HDT

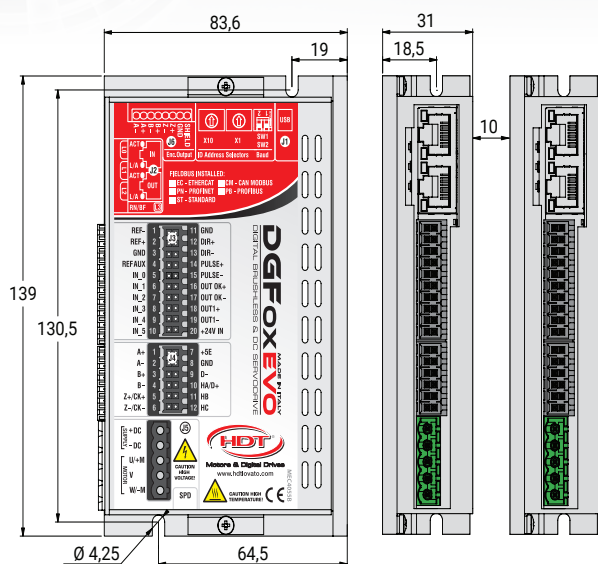
servodrives with a resolution of 32bit on single turn and 16bit on multiturn.

The encoder for a multi-turns information can use a mechanical system or it can memorize the number of turns on a battery powered memory or a Wiegand effect system

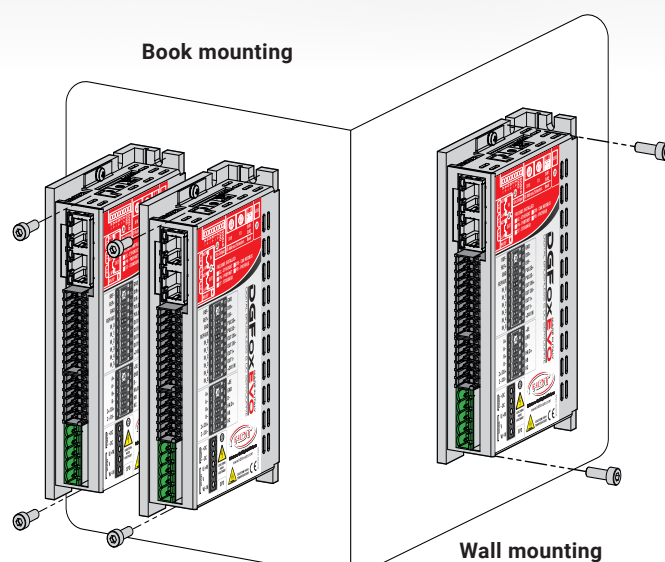
HDT installs on its motors an absolute mechanical encoder type BiSS with 22bits of resolution on the single turn and 12 bits on the multi-turn or a Wiegand effect with 17Bits on the single turn and 16Bits on the multiturn.

Drive Dimensions

DGFox60 EVO



Drive Mounting



Advanced Communication

The new EVO series drives, thanks to a new CPU, are not simply faster, but they are also more advanced in communication.

Produced in four versions:

ST - Standard - Analog and frequency control mode

EC - Ethercat CoE fieldbus in addition to Standard

PN - Profinet RT, IRT and Ethernet IP fieldbus in addition to Standard

CM - ModBus RTU and CanOpen CiA 402 fieldbuses in addition to Standard

STANDARD

STANDARD VERSION

Analogue and pulses train	Multipositioner
Speed control	Electronic cam
Torque control	Servopump
Electronic gear	Servocylinder

EtherCAT®

ETHERCAT CoE

CiA 402 Protocol

Position Mode	Cyclic Sync Position Mode
Velocity Mode	Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode
Profile Velocity Mode	Cyclic Sync Torque Mode
Profile Torque Mode	Touch Probe
Homing Mode	Electronic Gear
Interpolated Position Mode	Servopump
	Servocylinder



PROFINET RT & IRT (CC-C)

Prodrive Protocol

Speed control (AC1-AC4).	Isochronous Position
Telegr. 1,3,20,120	Control (AC4). Telegr.
Positioner in Program Mode	5,6,105,106
(AC3). Telegr. 7,120	Electronic Gear*
Manual positioner (AC3).	Servopump. Telegr. 121
Telegr. 9,120	Servocylinder. Telegr. 122

EtherNet/IP™

Ethernet IP

CIP Protocol

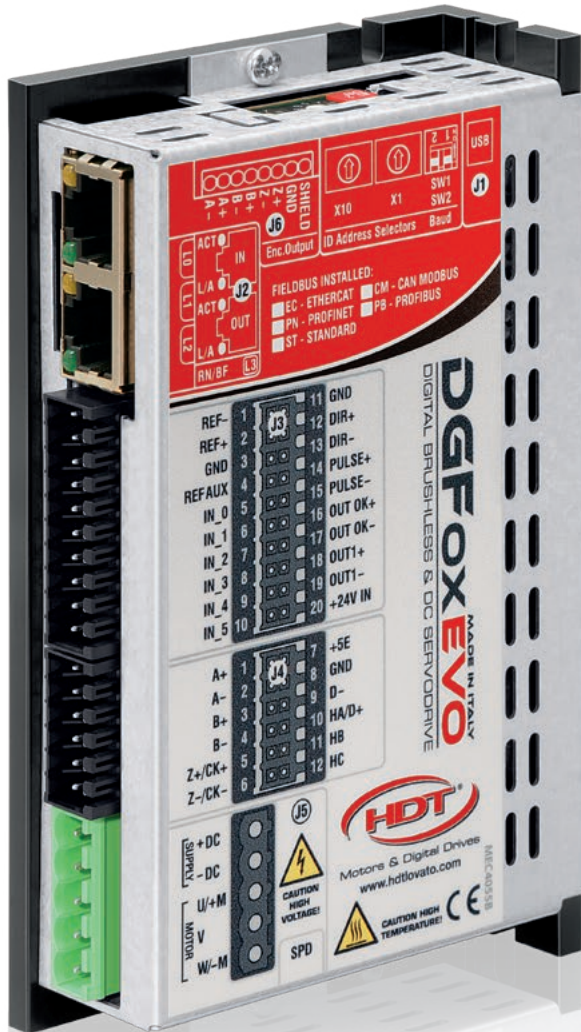
Speed control	Multipositioner
Torque control	Electronic cam
Electronic gear	Servopump
	Servocylinder



CANOPEN

CiA 402 Protocol

Position Mode	Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode
Velocity Mode	Cyclic Sync Torque Mode
Profile Velocity Mode	Touch Probe
Profile Torque Mode	Electronic Gear
Homing Mode	Pressure Control
Interpolated Position Mode	Hydraulic Actuator
Cyclic Sync Position Mode	Servopump
	Servocylinder



MODBUS RTU Protocol
Speed control
Torque control
Electronic gear

Multipositioner
Electronic cam
Servopump
Servocylinder

Software interface: Caliper

CALIPER is the software tool designed to simplify the calibration of your servodrive and motor with Microsoft Windows operating systems. A specific graphic interface extremely intuitive speeds up and make it even more simple to access the full range of functions of all the HDT servodrives. In addition to selecting the applications, save and load data, Caliper includes a powerful professional

oscilloscope, autophasing tools, automatic cogging reduction, observer for vibrations, fieldbus analyzer and many other applications to help you tune your applications at best. The communication is via USB 2.0 port, and therefore it doesn't need special cables or serial converters.

MAIN FEATURES:

- Drive configuration
- Reading, loading and saving of drive parameters
- Possibility to connect via USB Hub different drives and to control them simultaneously from Caliper selecting the specific drive.
- Oscilloscope with 4 configurable channels with the possibility register, save and print the measures taken
- Motor autotuning and autophasing
- Filters
- Display Alarms
- Selection and configuration of operative mode:
 - Torque control
 - Torque limit control
 - Speed and positioning control
 - Multi-positioning
 - Electronic Axis
 - Electronic Cam
 - Pressure Control (hydraulic press)
 - Hydraulic Actuator Control



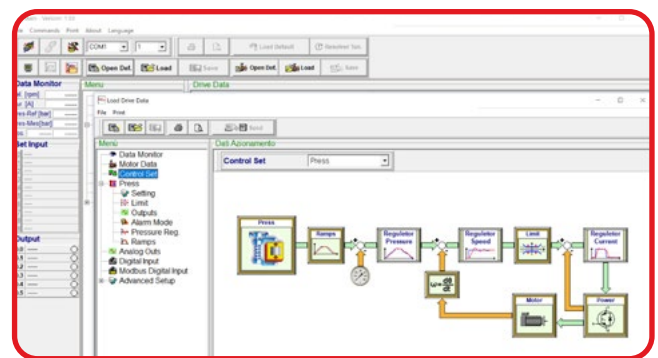
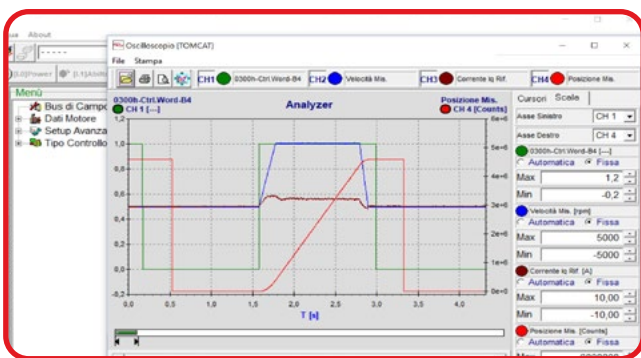
Micro USB 2.0 port

4-channel digital real time oscilloscope

Flagship of Caliper software from the beginning, the new 4 channels oscilloscope allows to sample signals at 100µs via the fast USB2 port. All channels are selectable, recordable, savable also as picture or PDF format.

A convenient wave function generator feature is available, useful

to perform the tuning of control loop without having to physically remove the axes. Data gathered during observation can be saved and printed in order to be shared or stored.



Easy parameterization.

Rationalization of the parameters, the use of block diagrams and the graphical representation of the applications simplify the parameterization of the drive. Ability to save and load axis calibration data and motor data.

Intuitive Interface.

Clear and logic interface, off-line data input, multi-language mode (english, italian, french, turkish and chinese), simplify the navigation in menus and commands. Important parameters accessible only with password. "Operator enable" security function to avoid accidental manumissions.

Position Control: Multi-positioner

The servodrives integrate a "multi-positioner" operating mode with 4 selectable modes.

The positioner application generates a speed profile to reproduce a motion trajectory with controlled acceleration and jerk, allowing accurate positioning. The profile calculation is performed in real time allowing to modify on-the-fly the position target with time lower than 1 millisecond. This allows to manage in a fast way different motion profiles.

The positioner includes a functionality called "stop on marker" that allows to perform a controlled position stop when a sensor signal is detected by a digital input of the drive during the execution of the trajectory.

Single target positioner.

This mode can be activated both with digital/analog input and with all fieldbuses.

The drive configured in this way allows to generate a trajectory profile only for a target defined as position target, with speed, acceleration, deceleration and jerk. The positions can be absolute or relative.

Using the fieldbuses, all parameters can only be set on the fly by telegram; only the Modbus RTU allows to work with maximum flexibility using both modbus commands and digital/analog input commands.

In case a fieldbus is not available, position and speed can be set in analog mode via the respective input, while the other parameters can be set via Caliper software.

Positioner with table of targets.

This mode can be activated both with digital/analog inputs and with

Modbus RTU and ProfiNet RT.

The positioner allows to manage a maximum of 64 targets. As with the single target, for each target it is possible to set position, speed, acceleration and jerk. The positions can be absolute or relative.

The targets are wrote in a table on the drive via Caliper or via fieldbus. The targets can be executed individually or linked in different ways allowing to generate more complex profiles.

It is possible to cycle automatically the series of linked targets and to interpose a waiting time between one target and the other.

Cyclic positioner.

This mode is similar to the positioner with target from table, with the difference that the targets are strictly executed one after the other. The targets can be activated manually via I/O or via Modbus RTU.

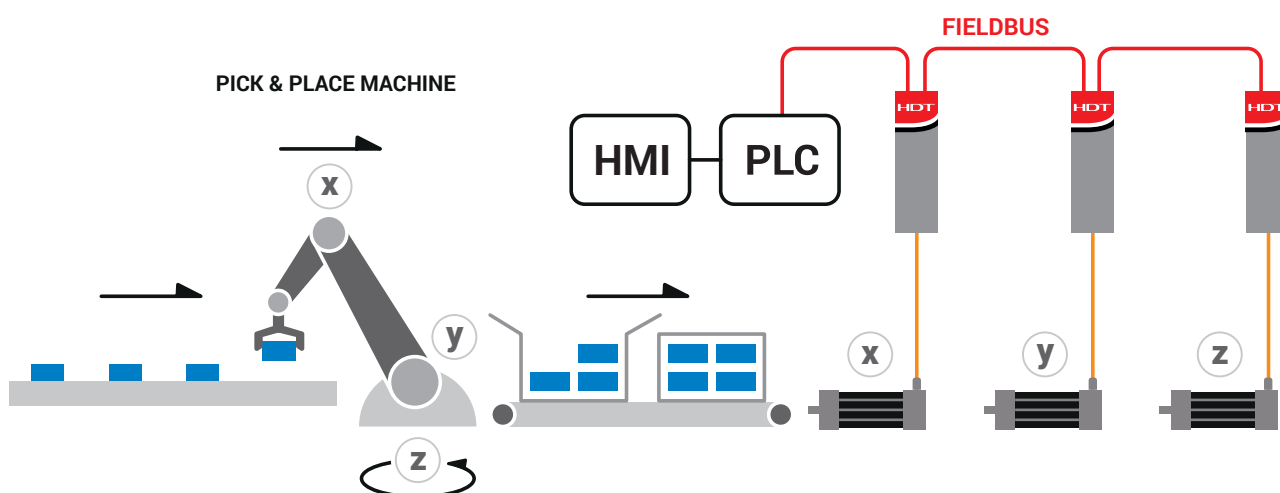
The option to make the sequence of set dimensions cyclical is provided.

"Input-start" positioner.

This mode allows to synchronize the starting of an axis with the reaching of the position of another axis, without the necessity to use a PLC. It is different from the previous one because the input that selects the target or the group of linked targets also becomes the start command of the target itself. The "reached position" signal can be activated on each of the digital output of the drive.

Therefore, connecting one of the output of reached target of a servodrive with the input of another servodrive, it allows the synchronized starting of the latter.

This mode only works with digital/analog inputs and with Modbus RTU fieldbus.

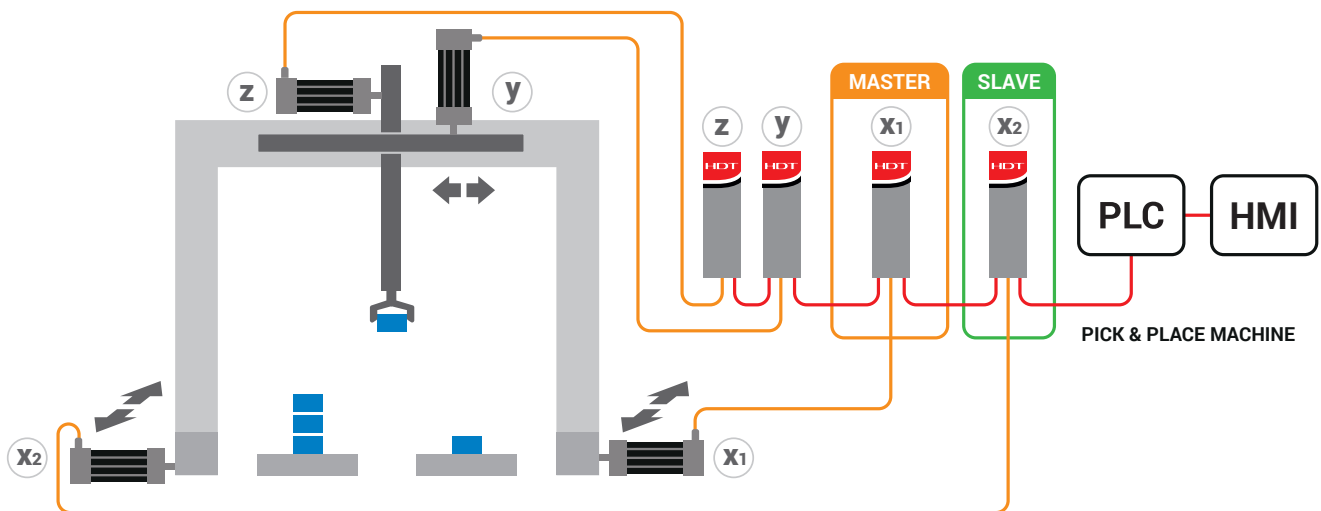


Control methods and applications

Position Control: Electronic Axis

The electronic axis (electronic gear) is a standard feature of the servodrives that allows to set a transmission ratio between one or more motors, where a slave axis, or "follower", follows a master axis according to a preset ratio. This ratio is set in the slave drive and can be modified at will. The movement of the master is measured with an encoder, which signal is sent to the input of the follower drive, that follows according to the set ratio. The electronic axis replicates the mechanical transmission principle, in the same way that happens in a reducer, recirculating ball screw, a rack or a pulley and belt system. The transmission with mechanical reduction allows

to change speed, to increase torque and helps to reach the match of inertia between motor and load. The electrical axis function, compared to mechanical reduction, only regulates the speed but with the advantage of allowing to change on will and to eliminate backlash and deterioration typical of mechanical systems. It is possible to connect different slave axes to a single master axis, with different electrical gear ratio. When managing the electrical axis, It is important to calibrate the parameters of slave axis, especially response times.



Electronic Cam Control

The electronic cam is a feature that replicates the concept of mechanical cam. The mechanical cam is an element with irregular shape (typically ovoid) fixed to a rotating shaft of an axis and which moves another mechanical parts that follows and reproduces the profile.

In the electronic cam, the mechanical regulation is replaced with electronic. A cam profile is defined via a X/Y table with a maximum of 576 interpolable points

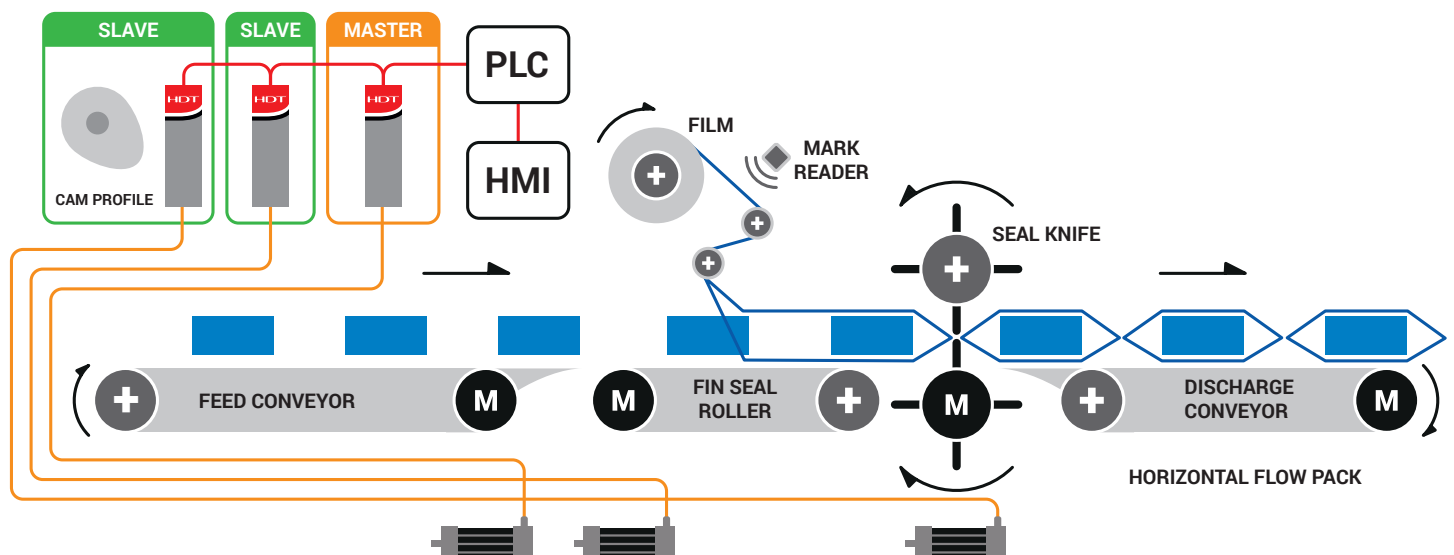
Unlike the mechanical cam, where the cam profile is fixed to master axis, in the electronic cam the profile is inserted in the servodrive

that drives the follower motor.

The "slave" axis receive the space reference of the "master" axis and replicate the profile described in the table of X/Y points, generating the resulting motion.

The signal of the master axis can come from an external encoder or from the signal of a simulated encoder of a servo axis.

The benefit of the electronic cam compared to the mechanical one is evident in the flexibility to manage more than one profile, to be able to modify the profile very easily in any moment and not least the reduction of mechanical backlash and the corresponding adjustments that follow.



Torque Control

The torque control is an application that limits the torque provided by the motor thanks to a feedback loop managed by an analog input or a communication protocol like CanOpen, EtherCat, Profinet or Ethernet/IP.

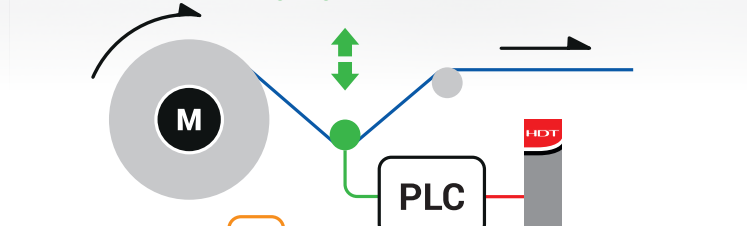
The torque reference that is provided is proportional to the rated torque of the motor.

According to the type of reference you work with, in Caliper software it is possible to set different parameters, for example:

- Full-scale of analog input

- Optimal PID controllers for the application
- The desired digital I/O.

- ## Speed control and torque limit



A diagram showing a motor connected to a power source via a cable. The motor is represented by a grey rectangular block with four horizontal black lines. A cable, shown as a black line, connects the motor to a power source, represented by a grey rectangular block with a black line extending from it. The cable is shown as a black line that loops around the power source and then connects to the motor.

The speed control is a mode that allows to control the speed of the motor via a speed reference, managed by:

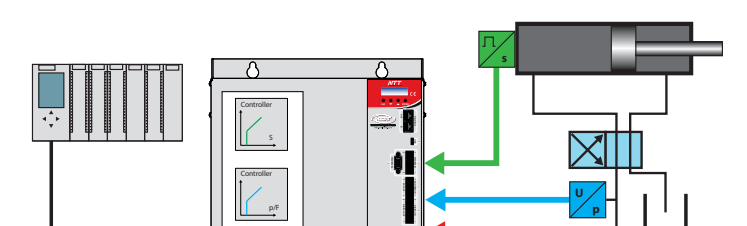
- An analog input
- A frequency input
- A fieldbus command

In I/O or Modbus mode it is possible to use an additional ana-

Therefore, it is possible to work in speed control mode, limiting the maximum torque output by imposing a limit threshold.

Position control of hydraulic cylinders

Application designed for the management of an hydraulic cylinder. By activating this mode, the servodrive regulates a



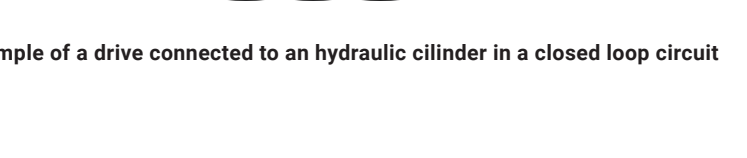
Application designed for the management of an hydraulic cylinder. By activating this mode, the servodrive regulates a servo pump in an hydraulic circuit by finely controlling the position of an hydraulic actuator or cylinder inserted in the circuit itself, whether it is equipped with a linear position transducer or without a sensor.

- **Open loop circuit**
 - Without linear encoder on the cylinder
 - Positioning with precision > 10mm
 - Without error compensation
- **Closed loop circuit**
 - With linear encoder on the cylinder

- Positioning with accuracy <1mm (0.2mm)
- with error compensation

- 10

© 2006 The Authors
Journal compilation © 2006 Blackwell Publishing Ltd



Control methods and applications

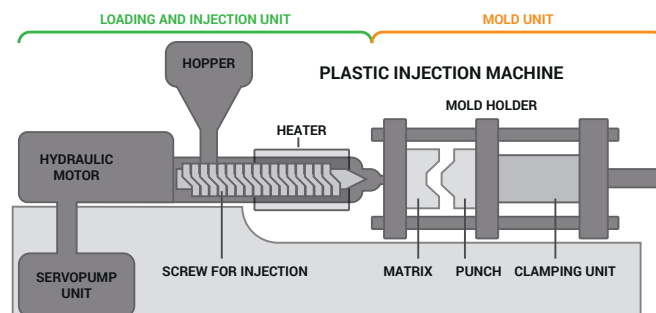
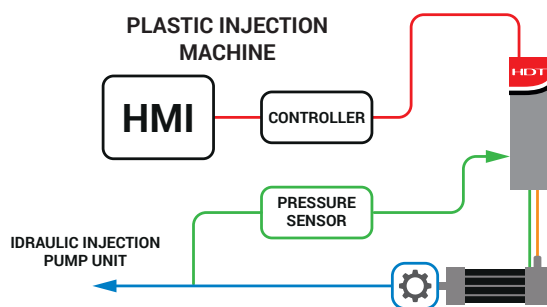
Pressure control for servopump systems

Application designed for operation in machines or applications that use a hydraulic circuit equipped with a closed loop servo pump in pressure control such as presses or injection machines.

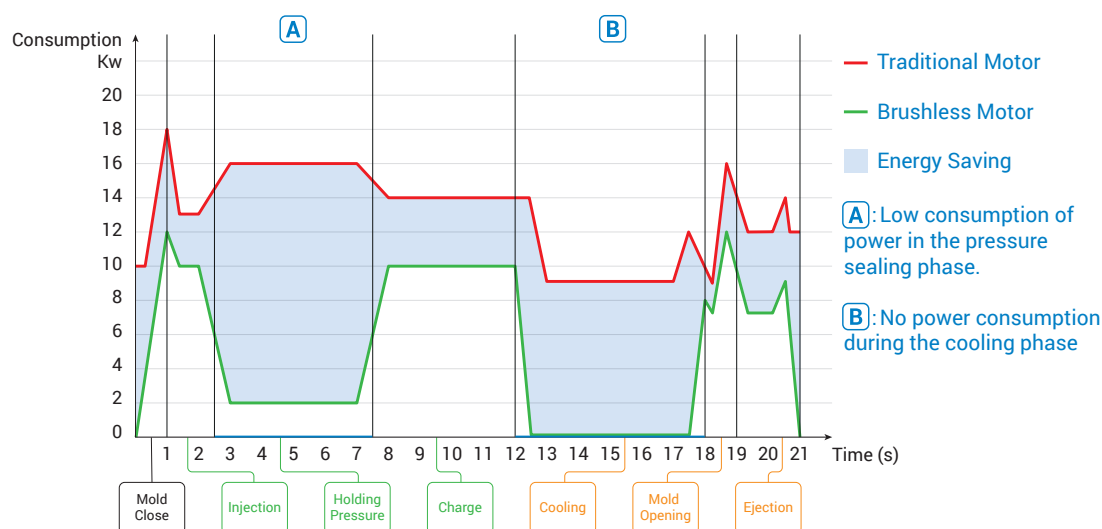
By activating this mode, three inputs are enabled in the servodrive. A first input for the speed reference signal used to regulate the speed

of a motor connected to a pump and therefore its flow rate.

A second input is enabled to receive the pressure reference signal while a third input is enabled for the pressure transducer signal (pressure feedback). The two pressure signals are compared and the servodrive exercises a speed control to keep the actual pressure equal to that of the reference.



Energy consumption table: operating cycle of a plastic injection molding machine



Operating Modes

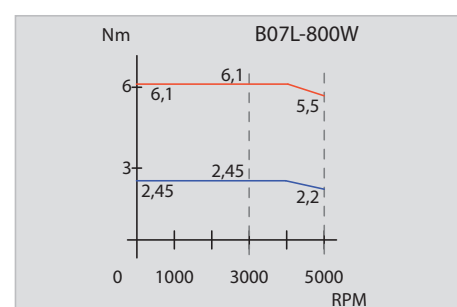
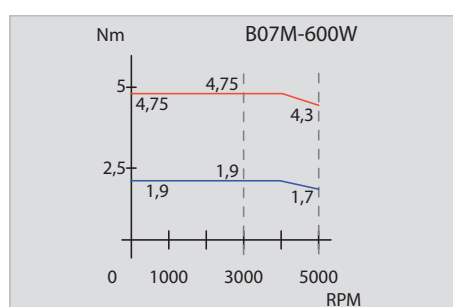
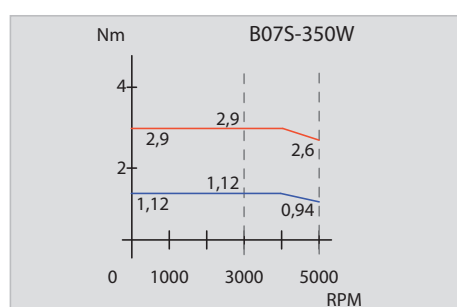
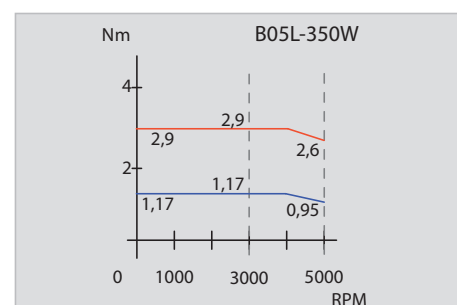
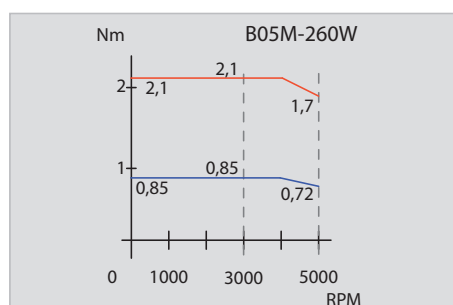
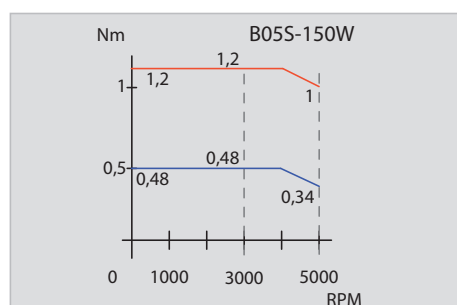
TomCat servodrive	Drive Configuration					
Control Mode	Standard	RTU Modbus	Canopen CiA 402	Ethercat COE	Profinet RT & IRT	Ethernet/IP CIP
Speed	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Torque	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES*	YES
Position	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Electronic gearbox	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES*	YES
Electronic cam	YES	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES
Pressure control	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Hydr. cilinder control	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Touch probe	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	NO

* Under development

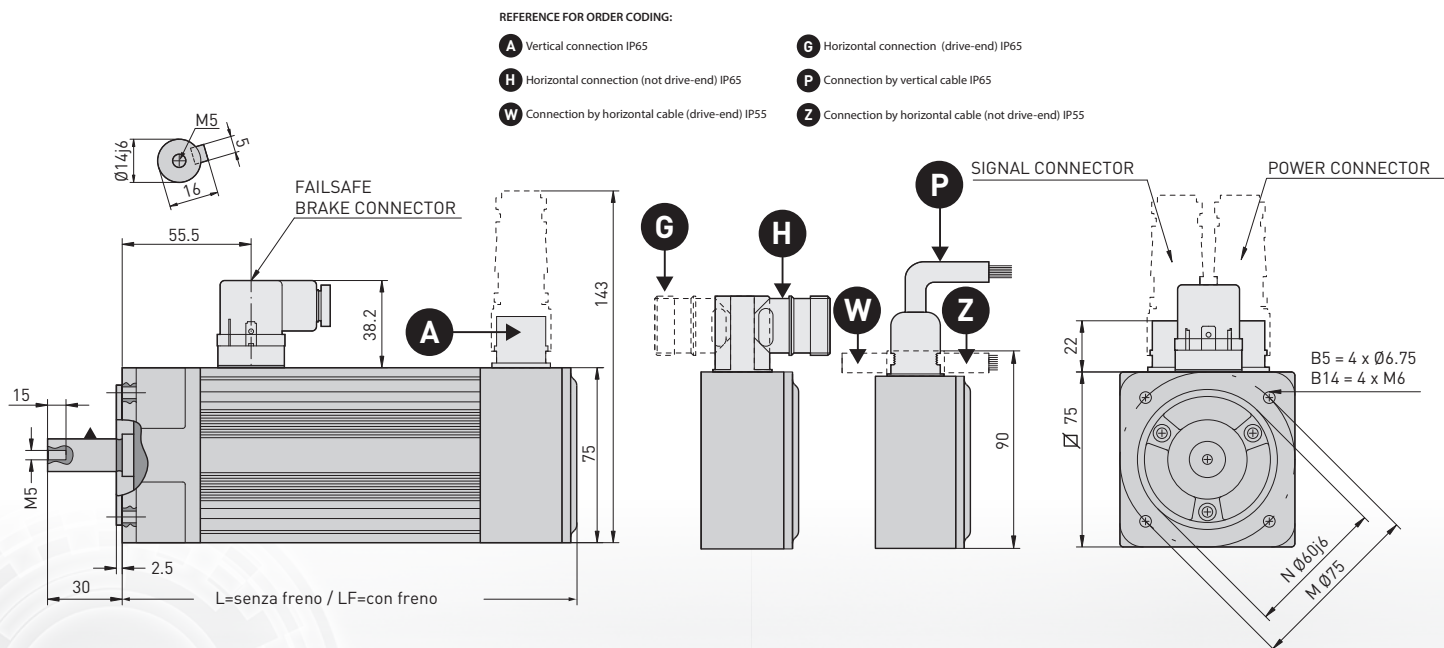
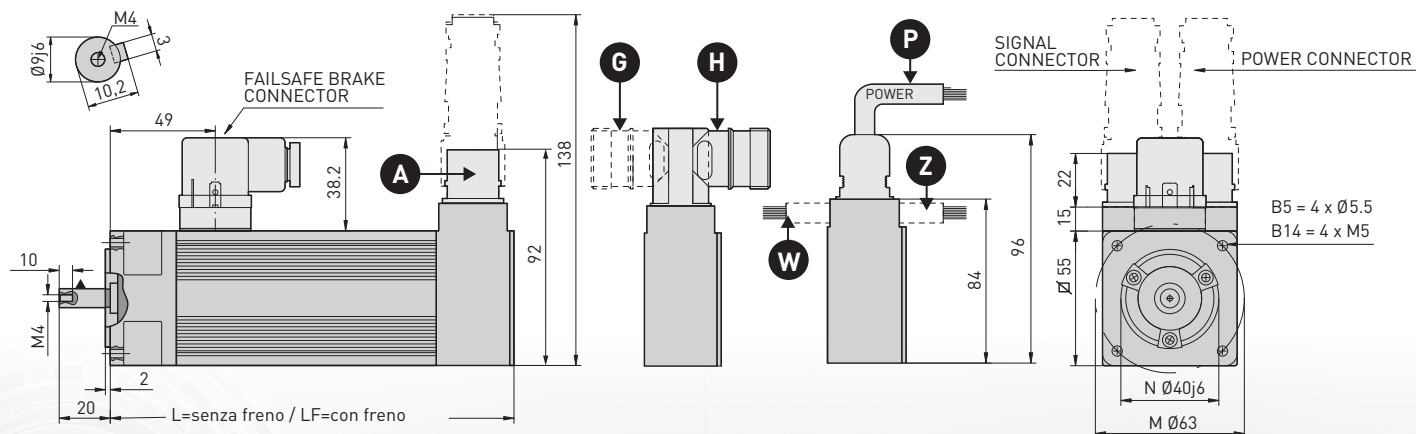
Servomotors Type B technical specs

MOTOR TIPE			B05			B07		
Motor Size		Meas.	S	M	L	S	M	L
Drive Power Supply			60VDC					
Rated output Power	Pn	W	150	260	350	350	600	800
Poles count	PN	-	6					
Rated Speed	n	RPM	3000					
Torque at rated speed ¹	Tn	Nm	0,5	0,85	1,2	1,1	1,98	2,6
Peak Torque	Tpk	Nm	1,3	2,2	2,9	2,9	5,1	6,6
Rated current	In	A	2,3	4,1	5,6	5,3	9,4	12,4
Peak current	l _{pk}	A	7,6	11,6	15,5	17,4	30	31,6
Back EMF voltage constant	Ke	Vrms/ Krpm	12,7	12,7	12,7	12,7	12,7	12,7
Torque constant	Kt	Nm/ Arms	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21
Rotor Inertia	Jm	gm ²	0,0126	0,0207	0,0287	0,0481	0,0843	0,1205
Rotor inertia with brake	Jmb	gm ²	0,0244	0,0324	0,0404	0,0788	0,115	0,151
Incr.Optical Encoder 1024ppr with Hall sensors	cod.	2	A			A		
Incr.Optical Encoder 2500ppr with Hall sensors	cod.	200	NA			A		
Incr.Magnetic Encoder 1024ppr with Hall sensors	cod.	280	A			A		
Magnetic Absolute Encoder single turn 1024ppr	cod.	480	A			A		
Absolute Enc. Multiturn BiSS 22Bit/ST - 12Bit/MT	cod.	512	NA			A		
Insulation Class			WINDING: H CLASS - MOTOR: F CLASS					
IP rating			IP65 (if equipped with optional oil seal)					
A = Available feedback option NA = Feedback option not available 1= in case of motor with brake, the rated torque has to be derated of 10%								

Characteristic torque curves



BØ7



Motor lengths and weights

Motor type	Brake type	Braking Torque	Power	Coupling time	Release time	Brake Voltage
B05S	03	2Nm@100°C	11W	2ms	25ms	24VDC
B05M	03	2Nm@100°C	11W	2ms	25ms	24VDC
B05L	03	2Nm@100°C	11W	2ms	25ms	24VDC
B07S	05	4.5Nm@100°C	12W	2ms	35ms	24VDC
B07M	05	4.5Nm@100°C	12W	2ms	35ms	24VDC
B07L	05	4.5Nm@100°C	12W	2ms	35ms	24VDC

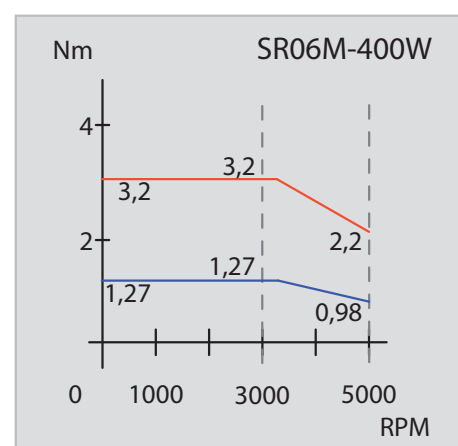
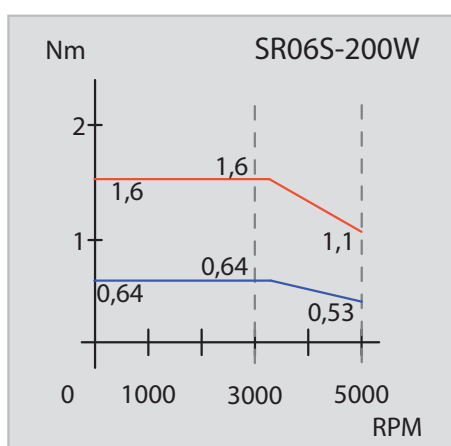
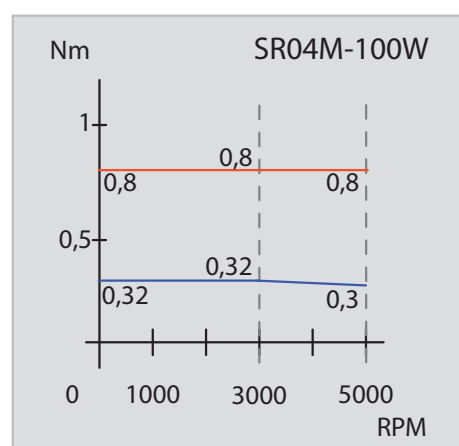
Motor type	L	LF	Weight (Kg)	Weight w/brake (Kg)
B05S	142	172	1.27	1.48
B05M	172	202	1.69	1.84
B05L	202	231	2.05	2.20
B07S	157.5	195	2.20	2.50
B07M	187.5	225	3.00	3.30
B07L	217.5	255	3.85	4.15

Type SR Servomotors technical specs

MOTOR TYPE			SR04		SR06	
Motor Size		Meas.	M		S ^{DR}	M
Drive power supply			24VDC	60VDC	60VDC	60VDC
Rated output Power	P _n	W	100		200	400
Poles count	PN	-	8			
Rated Speed	n	RPM	3000			
Torque at rated speed ⁽¹⁾	T _n	Nm	0,32		0,64	1,27
Peak Torque	T _{pk}	Nm	0,96		1,92	3,8
Rated current	I _n	A	7.5	2,7	4	7,7
Peak current	I _{pk}	A	22	8,1	12	23,1
Back EMF voltage constant	K _e	V _{rms} /Krpm	3,2	29	10,1	9,56
Torque constant	K _t	Nm/Arms	0,042	0,042	0,16	0,16
Rotor Inertia	J _m	gm ²	0,0035		0,0264	0,0407
Rotor inertia with brake	J _{mb}	gm ²	0,0036		0,0292	0,0435
Optical Incr. Enc. 2500ppr with Hall sensors	Code	200	DR	DR	DR	DR
Magnetic Incr. Enc. 2500ppr with Hall sensors	Code	210	D	D	D	D
Absolute Enc. Multiturn BiSS 17Bit/ST - 16Bit/MT	Code	570	ND	ND	D	D
Insulation class			Winding H class - Motor F class			
IP rating			IP65 (if equipped of shaft oil seal)			

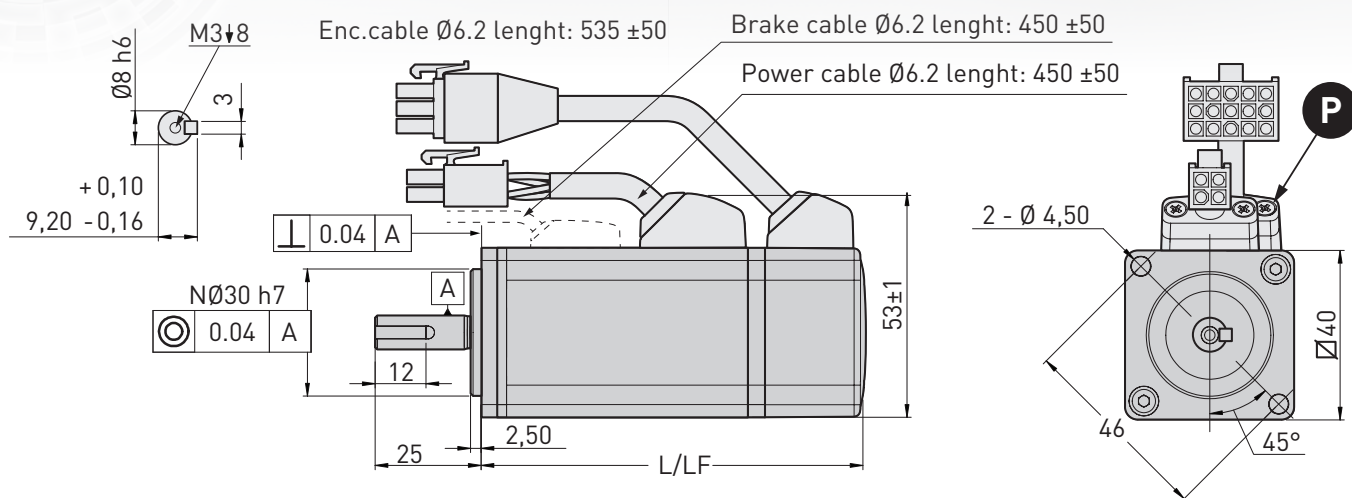
NA = Not available A = Available DR = Contact HDT for availability 1 = in case of motor with brake, the rated torque has to be derated of 10%

Characteristic torque curves

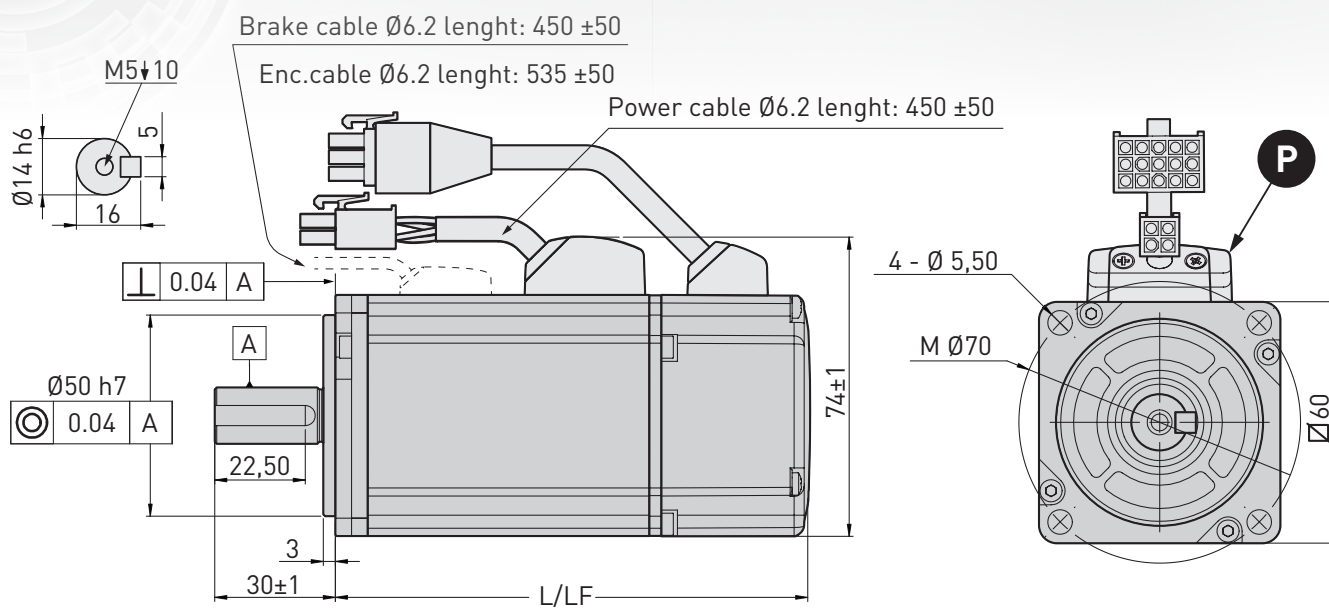


Dimensions

SR04



SR06



REFERENCE FOR ORDER CODING: P Connection by vertical cable IP65

Parking Brake Data

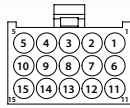
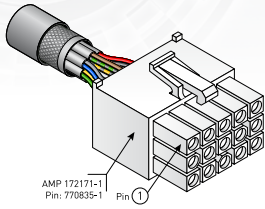
Motor type	Brake type	Braking Torque	Power	Engage time	Release Time	Voltage
SR04M	01	0.3Nm@100°C	6W	<35ms	<20ms	24VDC
SR06S	02	1.3Nm@100°C	7W	<50ms	<20ms	24VDC
SR06M	02	1.3Nm@100°C	7W	<50ms	<20ms	24VDC

Motor lengths and weights

Motor type	Feedback	L	LF	Weight (Kg)	W. with brake(Kg)
SR04M	200	99	136	0.5	0.8
SR06S	200	114.9	156	1	1.6
SR06S	210	95.6	136.6	1	1.6
SR06M	200	143	184	1.4	1.9
SR06M	210	124	165	1.4	1.9
SR06M	570	143	184	1.4	1.9

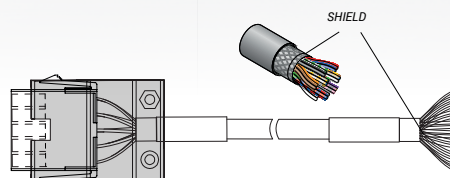
Connections for SR motor

Signal connector

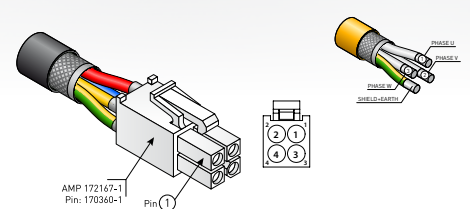


Pin numbering
Motor connector
Crimp side view

Extension cable



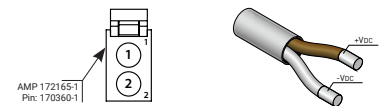
Power connector



SIGNAL CONNECTIONS ON MOTOR SIDE ENCODER			EXTENSION CABLE
CONNECTOR	INCREMENTAL	ABSOLUTE	COLOUR
PIN	FUNCTION	FUNCTION	
1	DC+5V	DC+5V	RED
2	GND	GND	BLACK
3	Hall C+		GREY/PINK
4	Hall C-		BROWN/GREEN
5	Hall B+	CK+	VIOLET
6	Hall B-	CK-	WHITE/GREEN
7	Hall A+	D+	GREY
8	Hall A-	D-	RED/BLUE
9	A+		GREEN
10	A-		BROWN
11	B+		YELLOW
12	B-		ORANGE OR PINK
13	Z+		BLUE
14	Z-		WHITE
15	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD

CONNECTOR	POWER CONNECTIONS
PIN	FUNCTIONS
1	U
2	V
3	W
4	PE

Brake Connector

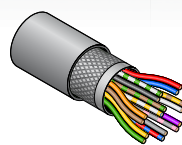


CONNECTOR	BRAKE CONNECTOR
PIN	FUNCTION
1	+VDC
2	-VDC

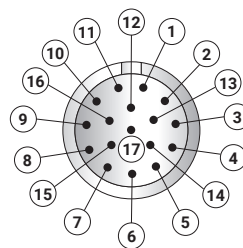
Connections for B motor

CABLE	ENCODER CONNECTOR		
COLOUR	INCREMENTAL	ABSOLUTE	PIN
SCREEN	SCREEN	SCREEN	1
YELLOW/BROWN	PTC ¹	PTC ¹	2
RED	+5V	+5V	3
BLACK	0V	0V	4
GREEN	CHA	-	5
BROWN	CHA-	-	6
YELLOW	CHB	-	7
ORANGE OR PINK	CHB-	-	8
BLUE	CHZ	-	9
WHITE	CHZ-	-	10
GREY	HALL A	D+	11
RED/BLUE	HALL A-	D-	12
WHITE/GREEN	HALL B	CK-	13
PURPLE	HALL B	CK+	14
GREY/PINK	HALL C	-	15
BROWN/GREEN	HALL C-	-	16
WHITE/YELLOW	PTC*	PTC*	17

Encoder connector and cable



Motors
B05-B07



Flying connector
soldering side
View

BRAKE CONNECTIONS	
FUNCTION	PIN B05-B07
+VDC	1
-VDC	2
PE	NOT USED

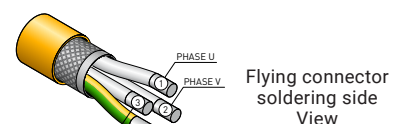
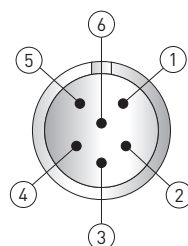
Brake connector and cable



POWER CONNECTIONS	
FUNCTIONS	PIN B05-B07
U	1
V	3
W	5
PE	6

Power connector and cable

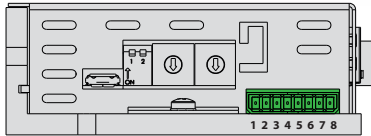
Motors
B05-B07



Flying connector
soldering side
View

Drive Connections

BUFFERED HARDWARE REPEAT 5V
OF INCREMENTAL CHANNELS AND ZERO NOTCH
COMING FROM THE INCREMENTAL ENCODER
OF THE MAIN FEEDBACK

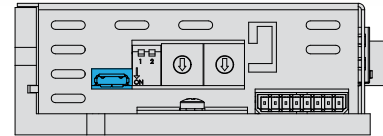


VIEW TOP SIDE

J6

FLYING CONNECTOR ENCODER REPEAT

MICRO USB 2.0 12Mbps
Drive programming with Caliper software
Firmware update

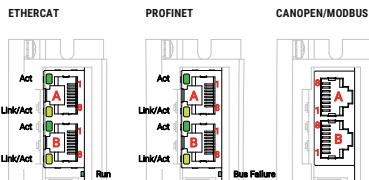


VIEW TOP SIDE

J1

MICRO USB PORT FOR PROGRAMMING

FIELD BUS COMMUNICATION PORT RJ45



J2

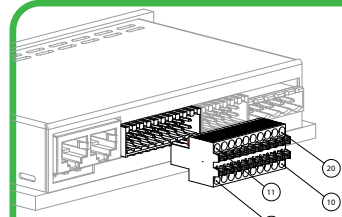
FLYING SIGNAL CONNECTOR

J4

INCREMENTAL ENCODER
- 5V LINE DRIVE
- OPEN COLLECTOR - PUSH/PULL
ABSOLUTE ENCODER
-SSI
-BISS
-ENDAT

FLYING CONNECTOR
WIRING SIDE

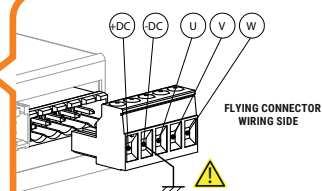
A+ 1. 7. +5E
A- 2. 8. GND
B+ 3. 9. D-
B- 4. 10. HA / D+
Z+ / CK+ 5. 11. HB
Z- / CK- 6. 12. HC



REF- 1. 11. GND
REF+ 2. 12. DIR+
GND 3. 13. DIR-
RIF AUX 4. 14. PULSE+
IN_0 5. 15. PULSE-
IN_1 6. 16. OUT OK+
IN_2 7. 17. OUT OK-
IN_3 8. 18. OUT1+
IN_4 9. 19. OUT1-
IN_5 10. 20. +24V

J3

ANALOG AND DIGITAL I/O FLYING CONNECTOR



J5

DRIVE POWER SUPPLY FLYING CONNECTOR

1. +DC
2. -DC
3. U
4. V
5. W
BRUSHLESS MOTOR
CONNECTIONS

J4

CONNECTOR	INCREMENTAL ENC.	ABSOLUTE ENC. (COD.480)	ABSOLUTE ENC.
PIN	FUNCTION	FUNCTION	FUNCTION
1	CH A+	CH A+	-
2	CH A-	CH A-	-
3	CH B+	CH B+	-
4	CH B-	CH B-	-
5	CH Z+	CK+	CK+
6	CH Z-	CK-	CK-
7	+VDC	+VDC	+VDC
8	GND	GND	GND
9	-	DATA-	DATA-
10	HALL A+	DATA+	DATA+
11	HALL B+	-	-
12	HALL C+	-	-

J5

CONNECTOR	BRUSHLESS	DC MOTOR
PIN	FUNCTION	FUNCTION
1	U	M+
2	V	-
3	W	M-
4	PE	PE

Drive / Motors Matching

		DGFox EVO - sizes in current				
HDT Motors	Tn	2.5A	5A	8A	10A	13A
B05S	Nm	0,5	0,5			
B05M	Nm		0,9	0,9		
B05L	Nm			1,2	1,2	
B07S	Nm			1,2	1,2	
B07M	Nm				1,9	1,9
B07L	Nm					2,6
SR04M	Nm		0,32			
SR06M	Nm			1,27	1,27	1,27

The table shows the possible combinations between motors and drives.

Depending on the application, a drive with a rated current slightly higher than the motor rated current is suggested.

A drive with insufficient current does not guarantee the motor torque, a drive with too high current compared to the motor could be more difficult to regulate due to a full scale with too different current resolution.

Cables and Extensions order code

CABLE CODE	FUNCTION	MOTORS PAIRINGS					
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	SR04	SR06	SR08	B05	B07	B10
CNTRPWR-PF01-XXX	Fixed laying power cable for SR motor	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
CNTRPWR-PM01-XXX	Power cable for mobile laying for SR motor	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
CNTRENC-PF16-XXX	Encoder cable for fixed installation for SR motor	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
CNTRENC-PM16-XXX	Encoder cable for mobile laying for SR motor	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
CNTRBRK-XXX	Brake cable for SR motor	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
CNT6PM23C-PF01-XXX	B05 / B07 power connector wired with 4x1 cable for fixed installation	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗
CNT6PM23C-PM01-XXX	B05 / B07 power connector wired with 4x1 mobile laying cable	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
CNT6PM23C-PM15-XXX	B05 / B07 power connector wired with 4x1.5 mobile laying cable	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
CNT17PM23C-PF16-XXX	B05 / B07 / B10 encoder connector wired with cable for fixed installation	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
CNT4PMILC-PM15-XXX	B10 / B14 power connector wired with 4x1.5 mobile laying cable	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
CNT4PMIL90C-PM15-XXX	B10 90 ° power connector wired with 4x1.5 mobile laying cable	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
CNTB10BRK-XXX	Brake connector for B05 / B07 / B10 / B14 motors	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓

DGFox060EVO Order code

	DX	060	EVO	816	EC
Model drive = DGFox					Fieldbus options ST = (Standard) No Fieldbus installed CM = CanOpen CiA402 - Modbus RTU EC = EtherCat CoE PN = Profinet RT-IRT - Ethernet IP
Power voltage					
060 = 20-80VDC					
Serie = EVO					
Sizes (current)					
25 = 2.5A rated - 510 = 5A rated - 816 = 8A rated - 1020 = 10A rated - 1326 = 13A rated					
EXAMPLE:	DX060EVO-8/16-EC			DGFox060 Evo - 60VDC power supply, 8A of rated current size additionale Ethercat Fieldbus option	

SR Series Motors Order Code

SR	04	M	1	S	1	C	5	P	210	P	3	0	N
----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-----	---	---	---	---

Model = SR													
Frame Size													
04 = \varnothing 40mm													
06 = \varnothing 60mm													
08 = \varnothing 80mm													
Length													
S = 1 st length	04	M	100W	0.32Nm									
M = 2 nd length	06	S	200W	0.64Nm									
L = 3 rd length	06	M	400W	1.27Nm									
G = 4 th length	08	L	750W	2.45Nm									
	08	G	1kW	3.20Nm									
Mechanical Configuration													
1 = B5													
Drive Voltage Supply													
S = 230VAC	S	SR04M SR06S/M SR08L/G											
R = 400VAC	R	SR06M SR08L/G											
Parking Brake													
1 = without brake													
6 = with 24 VDC													
EXAMPLE:	SR04M1W1C5P210P30N												
SR - 40mm Frame, 2nd Length, B5 mechanical conf., 230VAC, without brake, with key, without seal ring, Inc. Enc. 2500ppr, Cable Output, 3000 rpm rated speed, natural air cooling.													

B Series Motors Order Code

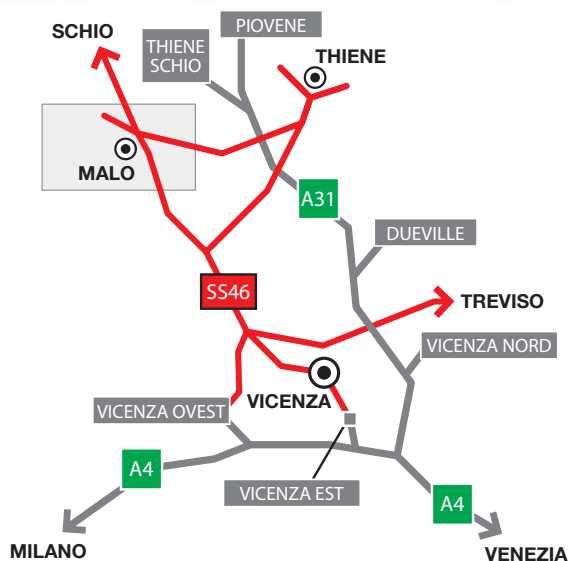
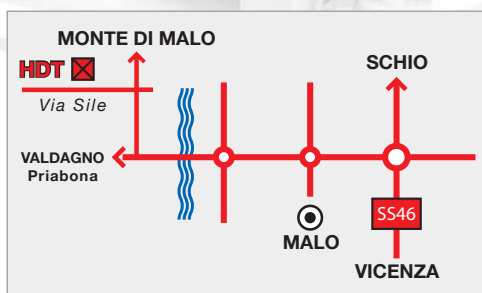
B	07	M	1	S	1	C	5	A	512	A	3	0	N			
---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-----	---	---	---	---	--	--	--

Model = B														
Frame														
05 = \varnothing 55mm														
07 = \varnothing 75mm														
Size														
S = 1 st size	B05 S	0.48Nm	B07 S	1.10Nm										
M = 2 nd size	B05 M	0.81Nm	B07 M	1.90Nm										
L = 3 rd size	B05 L	1.10Nm	B07 L	2.48Nm										
Mechanical Configuration														
1 = B5 2 = B14														
Drive Voltage Supply														
W = 60Vdc														
Parking Brake														
1 = without brake														
3 = with 24 Vdc Brake for B05														
5 = with 24 Vdc Brake for B07														
Shaft and Protection														
C = with key														
5 = without oil seal														
EXAMPLE:	B07M1W1C5A512A30N													
B07 - 75mm Frame, Size M, Mechanical config. B5, 60Vdc, without brake, with key, w/o seal ring, Abs.Enc. BiSS Mt 16/17, Vertical connector output, 3000rpm rated speed, natural cooling.														



Motors & Digital Drives

DGFOX202303UK



© HDT 2018. The information contained in this brochure is for guidance only and does not form part of any contract. The accuracy cannot be guaranteed as HDT have an ongoing process of development and reserve the right to change the specification of their products without notice.



H.D.T. srl - Via Sile, 8 - 36030 Monte di Malo (VI) Italy
Tel: +39.0445.602744 - Fax: +39.0445.602668 - EMail: info@hdtlovato.com - www.hdtlovato.com